

```
# -*- mode: ruby -*-
```

```
# vi: set ft=ruby :
```

```
# All Vagrant configuration is done below. The "2" in Vagrant.configure  
# configures the configuration version (we support older styles for  
# backwards compatibility). Please don't change it unless you know what  
# you're doing.
```

```
Vagrant.configure("2") do |config|
```

```
  # The most common configuration options are documented and commented below.
```

```
  # For a complete reference, please see the online documentation at
```

```
  # https://docs.vagrantup.com.
```

```
  # Every Vagrant development environment requires a box. You can search for  
  # boxes at https://vagrantcloud.com/search.
```

```
  config.vm.box = "centos/7"
```

```
  # Disable automatic box update checking. If you disable this, then
```

```
  # boxes will only be checked for updates when the user runs
```

```
  # `vagrant box outdated`. This is not recommended.
```

```
  # config.vm.box_check_update = false
```

```
  # Create a forwarded port mapping which allows access to a specific port
```

```
  # within the machine from a port on the host machine. In the example below,
```

```
  # accessing "localhost:8080" will access port 80 on the guest machine.
```

```
  # NOTE: This will enable public access to the opened port
```

```
  # config.vm.network "forwarded_port", guest: 80, host: 8080
```

```
  # Create a forwarded port mapping which allows access to a specific port
```

```
  # within the machine from a port on the host machine and only allow access
```

```
# via 127.0.0.1 to disable public access
# config.vm.network "forwarded_port", guest: 80, host: 8080, host_ip: "127.0.0.1"

# Create a private network, which allows host-only access to the machine
# using a specific IP.
# config.vm.network "private_network", ip: "192.168.33.10"

# Create a public network, which generally matched to bridged network.
# Bridged networks make the machine appear as another physical device on
# your network.
# config.vm.network "public_network"

# Share an additional folder to the guest VM. The first argument is
# the path on the host to the actual folder. The second argument is
# the path on the guest to mount the folder. And the optional third
# argument is a set of non-required options.
# config.vm.synced_folder "../data", "/vagrant_data"

# Disable the default share of the current code directory. Doing this
# provides improved isolation between the vagrant box and your host
# by making sure your Vagrantfile isn't accessible to the vagrant box.
# If you use this you may want to enable additional shared subfolders as
# shown above.
# config.vm.synced_folder ".", "/vagrant", disabled: true

# Provider-specific configuration so you can fine-tune various
# backing providers for Vagrant. These expose provider-specific options.
# Example for VirtualBox:
#
```

```
# config.vm.provider "virtualbox" do |vb|  
# # Display the VirtualBox GUI when booting the machine  
# vb.gui = true  
#  
# # Customize the amount of memory on the VM:  
# vb.memory = "1024"  
# end  
#  
# View the documentation for the provider you are using for more  
# information on available options.  
  
# Enable provisioning with a shell script. Additional provisioners such as  
# Ansible, Chef, Docker, Puppet and Salt are also available. Please see the  
# documentation for more information about their specific syntax and use.  
# config.vm.provision "shell", inline: <<-SHELL  
# apt-get update  
# apt-get install -y apache2  
# SHELL  
end
```